



MATTHEW 5:17-20

Introduction

- The Sermon on the Mount (Matthew 5-7) was a sermon Jesus preached to his _____ (Matthew 5:1).
- The Sermon on the Mount has three main aims:
 - It exposes our sin.
 - It drives us to repentance and faith in Jesus.
 - It shows us how to live lives that honor God.
- Part of living a life that honors God is understanding the relationship between the _____ Covenant and the _____ Covenant (Matthew 22:37).

The Big Idea

- Jesus came to _____ the Old Covenant and _____ the New Covenant (Matthew 5:17, 26:26-29, Luke 22:14-23, 1 Corinthians 11:23-26).

The Three-Fold Division of the Law

- The _____ Law (Exodus 20:1-17, Deuteronomy 6:4-5, Leviticus 19:18)
- The _____ Law (John 18:36, Romans 13:1-7, 1 Peter 2:13-17)
- The _____ Law (Mark 7:18-19, Acts 10:9-16, Romans 14:5-12, Hebrews 10:1-18)

The Four-Fold Function of the Law

- The Law as a _____ (Romans 7:7)
- The Law as a _____ (Ephesians 2:11-22)
- The Law as a _____ (Galatians 3:23-29)
- The Law as a _____ (Psalm 119:105)

Fulfilling the Old Covenant

- Jesus fulfilled the Law by living a life of perfect _____ (Psalm 1:1-2, Galatians 4:4, Hebrews 4:15).
- Jesus fulfilled the _____ and _____ of the Law (Matthew 1:23, John 1:14).
- Jesus fulfilled the _____ aspects of the Law (the civil Law, the ceremonial Law, the Law as boundary, the Law as guardian).

Establishing the New Covenant

- Jesus came to _____ the salvation promised in the Old Covenant (Matthew 5:18).
- Jesus came to _____ God's standards, not _____ God's standards (Matthew 5:19).
- Jesus came to write God's Law on the _____ of God's people (Matthew 5:20, John 3:3 ... Jeremiah 31:31-34, Ezekiel 36:26-27).